Felton, Michael J.

From:

Fuller, Kathleen

Sent:

Thursday, March 29, 2007 10:26 AM

To:

Felton, Michael J.

Subject:

10/532138



FEL532.rtf

There is only one reference, the applicant, for the elected compound. The compound and the reference are at the beginning of the search. I then did a structure search which covered the broad structure of claim 1. There were 31 structures and 29 Chemical Abstract references to the structures. With utility there were 10 CA references. Answer 4 is the applicant. Answer 6 has a good date and structure. If you have any questions give me a call.

> Kathleen Fuller team leader EIC1700 Remsen 4B28 571/272-2505

3/29/07

=> FILE REG

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 28 MAR 2007 HIGHEST RN 928615-67-2 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 28 MAR 2007 HIGHEST RN 928615-67-2

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http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

=> D L3

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

RN 685847-54-5 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 26 May 2004

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N'-bis[2-[(1-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)amino]ethyl]-, hexahydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES:

CN TETA 2TEMPOH6HCl

MF C24 H52 N6 O2 . 6 C1 H

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

CRN (792906-65-1)

●6 HCl

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> FILE HCAPLU

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:56:28 ON 29 MAR 2007 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC1700 571/272-2505

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 29 Mar 2007 VOL 146 ISS 14 FILE LAST UPDATED: 28 Mar 2007 (20070328/ED)

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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=> D QUE L4
             12 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON (2896-70-0/BI OR 112-24-3/BI OR
                14691-88-4/BI OR 213474-29-4/BI OR 4067-16-7/BI OR 685517-02-6/
                BI OR 685847-53-4/BI OR 685847-54-5/BI OR 75577-94-5/BI OR
                7647-01-0/BI OR 826-36-8/BI OR 9002-98-6/BI)
L3
              1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L2 AND C24H52N6O2.6CLH/MF
L4
              1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L3
=> D L4 ALL HITSTR
T.4
     ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
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2004:371123 HCAPLUS Full-text AN

DN 140:392561

Entered STN: 07 May 2004

- Light-stable and process-stable lignocellulosic materials and their production
- IN Williams, Trevor; Hu, Thomas Qiuxiong; Pikulik, Ivan Ignac
- Pulp and Paper Research Institute of Canada, Can.
- SO . PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

Patent DT

LA English

IC ICM D21C009-10

43-6 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE		
PΙ	WO 2004038091				A1 20040506			WO 2003-CA1606						20031021			
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		co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,
		GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,
		LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NI,	NO,	NZ,
		OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	TJ,	TM,
		TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW		
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,

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KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
                                    FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
                                    BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                                                                                                 CA 2003-2502911
                                                                                        20040506
              CA 2502911
                                                                      A1
                                                                                                                                                                                   20031021
             AU 2003275827
                                                                      A1
                                                                                        20040513
                                                                                                                       AU 2003-275827
                                                                                                                                                                                       20031021
             US 2005269049
                                                                      A1
                                                                                                                                                                                       20050420
                                                                                        20051208
                                                                                                                       US 2005-532138
                                                                   P
 PRAI US 2002-420282P
                                                                                        20021023
             WO 2003-CA1606
                                                                                       20031021
CLASS
   PATENT NO.
                                              CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
   WO 2004038091
                                              ICM
                                                                  D21C009-10
                                              IPCI
                                                                  D21C0009-10 [ICM, 7]
                                              IPCR
                                                                  C08G0073-00 [I,C*]; C08G0073-00 [I,A]; C08G0073-02
                                                                  [I,A]; C08H0005-00 [I,C*]; C08H0005-04 [I,A];
                                                                  D21C0009-10 [I,C*]; D21C0009-10 [I,A]; D21C0009-16
                                                                  [N,C^*]; D21C0009-16 [N,A]
                                                                  C08G073/00; C08G073/02; C08G073/02A9C; C08H005/04;
                                              ECLA
                                                                  D21C009/10F8
   CA 2502911
                                              IPCI
                                                                  D21C0009-10 [ICM, 7]
                                                                 C08G0073-00 [I,C*]; C08G0073-00 [I,A]; C08G0073-02
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                                                                  D21C0009-10 [I,C*]; D21C0009-10 [I,A]; D21C0009-16
                                                                  [N,C*]; D21C0009-16 [N,A]
                                              ECLA
                                                                  C08G073/00; C08G073/02; C08G073/02A9C; C08H005/04;
                                                                 D21C009/10F8
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                                                                 C08G0073-00 [I,C*]; C08G0073-00 [I,A]; C08G0073-02
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                                                                  D21C0009-10 [I,C*]; D21C0009-10 [I,A]; D21C0009-16
                                                                  [N,C^*]; D21C0009-16 [N,A]
  US 2005269049
                                              IPCI
                                                                 D21C0009-10 [ICM, 7]
                                              IPCR
                                                                 D21C0009-10 [I,C*]; D21C0009-10 [I,A]
                                                                 162/072.000; 162/078.000; 162/162.000
                                              NCL
AB
               A novel method for the production of light-stable and process-stable
               lignocellulosic materials, in particular, the production of mech. wood pulps
               with much improved light and process stability is described, as well as the
               resulting pulps of improved light and process stability and papers containing
               such pulps. The novel method involves the reaction of lignocellulosic
               materials such as bleached chemithermomech. pulps (BCTMP) with (a) a water-
               soluble, fiber-reactive yellowing inhibitor possessing two or more secondary
               amino or ammonium, tertiary amino or ammonium, and/or quaternary ammonium
               functional groups in an aqueous medium, or (b) a water-soluble, fiber-reactive
               hindered amine light stabilizer possessing said amino or ammonium functional
               groups in an alkaline peroxide bleaching medium or in an aqueous medium with a
               subsequent bleaching of the materials in an alkaline peroxide bleaching
              medium. Examples of the water-soluble, fiber-reactive yellowing inhibitors
               are the novel, N-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-1-\text{oxyl}-
               ,6-tetramethyl-1-oxyl-piperidin-4- ylamino)-ethylamino]-ethyl}-ethane-1,2-
              diamine (TETA-2TEMPO) and its hydroxylamine hydrochloride derivative, N-
               (2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{N'}-\{2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl}-1-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-\text{yl})-\text{hydroxyl}-\text{piperidin}-4-
               tetramethyl-1-hydroxyl-piperidin-4- ylamino)-ethylamino]-ethyl}-ethane-1,2-
               diamine hexahydrochloride (TETA-2TEMPOH-6HCl).
ST
             yellowing inhibitor lignocellulosic pulp light stabilizer
             tetramethylpiperidine oxyl compd; hindered amine quaternary ammonium compd
             reactive light stabilizer BCTMP; alk peroxide bleaching reactive hindered
             amine light stabilizer pulp; modified TEMPO deriv yellow prevention light
```

(chemithermomech.; manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for

stabilizer pulp

Cellulose pulp

ΙT

yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

IT Polyamines

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(hindered amine derivs.; manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

IT Amines, uses

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(hindered; manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

IT UV stabilizers

Yellowing prevention

(manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

IT Quaternary ammonium compounds, uses

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

IT Pulp bleaching

(peroxide; manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

IT 213474-29-4P, 4-Amino-TEMPO 2HCl

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(4-amino-TEMPO 2HCl; manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

IT 685847-53-4P, TETA 2TEMPO

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(TETA 2TEMPO; manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

IT 685847-54-5P, TETA 2TEMPOH6HCl

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(TETA 2TEMPOH6HCl; manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

IT 2896-70-0DP, 4-Oxo-TEMPO, reaction products polyethyleneimines 9002-98-6DP, Aziridine polymer, reaction products with 4-oxo-TEMPO 75577-94-5P 685517-02-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

IT 112-24-3, Triethylenetetramine 826-36-8, 2,2,6,6-Tetramethyl-4-piperidone 2896-70-0, 4-Oxo-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-N-oxyl 4067-16-7, Pentaethylenehexamine 7647-01-0, Hydrochloric acid, reactions 14691-88-4, 4-Amino-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-N-oxyl

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

IT 685847-54-5P, TETA 2TEMPOH6HCl

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(TETA 2TEMPOH6HCl; manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

RN 685847-54-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N'-bis[2-[(1-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)amino]ethyl]-, hexahydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●6 HCl

=> => FILE REG

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 28 MAR 2007 HIGHEST RN 928615-67-2 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 28 MAR 2007 HIGHEST RN 928615-67-2

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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH December 2, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

=> FILE HCAPLU

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:58:16 ON 29 MAR 2007
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 29 Mar 2007 VOL 146 ISS 14 FILE LAST UPDATED: 28 Mar 2007 (20070328/ED)

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> D QUE L10

STR

REP G1=(0-1) CH2 NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 15

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L12	31	SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L10
L14	29	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L12
L15	4	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L14 AND (?CELLULOS? OR PAPER? OR
		WOOD? OR PULP OR PAPER?)/SC, SX, AB, BI
L16	3	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L14 AND ?CELLULOS?
L17	4	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L15 OR L16
L18	3	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L14 AND YELLOW?
L19	4	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L17 OR L18
L20	23	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L14(L)PREP/RL
L21	2	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L14 AND PULPS
L22	10	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L14 AND STAB?
L23	5	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L14 AND STAB?(4A)(LIGHT? OR PHOTO?)
L24	6	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L19 OR L21 OR L23
L25	9	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L22 AND L20
L26	10	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L24 OR L25

=> D L26 BIB ABS IND HITSTR 1-10

L26 ANSWER 1 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2005:1242721 HCAPLUS Full-text

DN 144:8150

- TI Water-compatible sterically hindered alkoxyamines and hydroxy-substituted alkoxyamines
- IN Wood, Mervin G.; Detlefsen, Robert; Galbo, James; Martin, Wanda; Kondracki, Paul; Difazio, Michael P.; Babiarz, Joseph E.

PA USA

- SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 45 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 782,524. CODEN: USXXCO
- DT Patent

LA English

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 2005261401	A1	20051124	US 2005-136792	20050525
US 2004210056	A1	20041021	US 2004-782524	20040219
PRAI US 2003-450262P	P	20030226		
US 2004-782524	A2	20040219		
OS MARPAT 144:8150				
GI				

3/29/07

2,2,6,6-Piperidine derivs. having 1 or 2 2,2,6,6-piperidine groups, water-compatible groups at the 4-position, and (hydroxy-substituted) alkoxy groups at the 1-position are useful for **stabilizing** aqueous polymer systems such as coatings, inks, and photocured systems against light, heat, and oxygen. A typical **stabilizer** I was manufactured by reaction of 4-hydroxy-1-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropoxy)-2,2,6,6- tetramethylpiperidine with ethanolamine.

IC ICM C08K005-34

ICS C03C017-00; C09D011-00

INCL 524099000; 523160000; 523161000

CC 42-5 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)

Ι

Section cross-reference(s): 37

ST water compatible tetramethylpiperidine deriv light stabilizer; waterborne coating ink tetramethylpiperidine deriv light stabilizer; photocurable aq polymer system tetramethylpiperidine deriv light stabilizer; heat stabilizer water compatible tetramethylpiperidine deriv; antioxidant water compatible tetramethylpiperidine deriv

IT Acrylic polymers, uses

Polyurethanes, uses

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(coating binder; water-compatible sterically hindered (hydroxy-substituted) alkoxytetramethylpiperidine derivs. for **stabilizing** aqueous polymer-containing systems against heat, light and oxygen for textiles)

IT Amines, uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(hindered; water-compatible sterically hindered (hydroxy-substituted) alkoxytetramethylpiperidine derivs. for **stabilizing** aqueous polymer-containing systems against heat, light and oxygen)

IT Inks

(jet-printing, water-thinned; water-compatible sterically hindered (hydroxy-substituted) alkoxytetramethylpiperidine derivs. for **stabilizing** aqueous polymer-containing systems against heat, light and oxygen)

```
ΙT
     Printing (nonimpact)
        (paper, water-thinned ink-receiving layers; water-compatible
        sterically hindered (hydroxy-substituted) alkoxytetramethylpiperidine
        derivs. for stabilizing aqueous polymer-containing systems against
        heat, light and oxygen)
ΙT
     Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (tetramethylpiperidine derivs.; water-compatible sterically hindered
        (hydroxy-substituted) alkoxytetramethylpiperidine derivs. for
        stabilizing aqueous polymer-containing systems against heat, light and
        oxygen for textiles)
ΙT
     Antioxidants
     Heat stabilizers
       Light stabilizers
     Mouthwashes
     Shampoos
        (water-compatible sterically hindered (hydroxy-substituted)
        alkoxytetramethylpiperidine derivs. for stabilizing aqueous
        polymer-containing systems against heat, light and oxygen)
IT
     Laminated plastics, uses
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (water-compatible sterically hindered (hydroxy-substituted)
        alkoxytetramethylpiperidine derivs. for stabilizing aqueous
        polymer-containing systems against heat, light and oxygen)
ΙT
     Household furnishings
        (water-compatible sterically hindered (hydroxy-substituted)
        alkoxytetramethylpiperidine derivs. for stabilizing aqueous
        polymer-containing systems against heat, light and oxygen for household
        furnishings)
IT
     Textiles
        (water-compatible sterically hindered (hydroxy-substituted)
        alkoxytetramethylpiperidine derivs. for stabilizing aqueous
        polymer-containing systems against heat, light and oxygen for textiles)
IT
     Adhesives
     Coating materials
        (water-thinned; water-compatible sterically hindered
        (hydroxy-substituted) alkoxytetramethylpiperidine derivs. for
        stabilizing aqueous polymer-containing systems against heat, light and
        oxygen)
     756499-51-1P, Bahydrol VP LS 2235-Bayhydur XP-7165 copolymer
TΨ
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (coating binder; water-compatible sterically hindered
        (hydroxy-substituted) alkoxytetramethylpiperidine derivs. for
        stabilizing aqueous polymer-containing systems against heat, light and
        oxygen)
ΙT
     113441-06-8, NeoCryl BT 520 192948-73-5, NeoPac R 9699
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (coating binder; water-compatible sterically hindered
        (hydroxy-substituted) alkoxytetramethylpiperidine derivs. for
        stabilizing aqueous polymer-containing systems against heat, light and
        oxygen)
     754198-82-8P
                                                  754198-95-3P
ΙT
                    754198-93-1P
                                   754198-94-2P
                                                                 754198-96-4P
     754199-03-6P
                    754199-05-8P
                                   754199-10-5P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
```

(precursor; water-compatible sterically hindered (hydroxy-substituted)

alkoxytetramethylpiperidine derivs. for stabilizing aqueous

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC1700 571/272-2505

polymer-containing systems against heat, light and oxygen) IT 56-40-6, Glycine, reactions 56-41-7, Alanine, reactions 63-68-3, Methionine, reactions 89-54-3, 5-Amino-2-chlorobenzoic acid 96-35-5, Methvl glycolate 107-35-7, Taurine 108-00-9, N,N-Dimethylethylenediamine 112-24-3, Triethylenetetramine 121-57-3, Sulfanilic acid 140-31-8, 1-(2-Aminoethyl)piperazine 141-43-5, Ethanolamine, reactions 141-97-9, Ethyl acetoacetate 1070-34-4, Succinic acid monoethyl ester 1120-71-4, Propanesultone 1906-82-7, Ethyl acetamidoacetate 2110-78-3, Methyl 2-hydroxyisobutyrate 4244-84-2 33229-89-9, N,N-Dimethylglycine ethyl ester 122586-98-5 122587-12-6 290821-83-9 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (precursor; water-compatible sterically hindered (hydroxy-substituted) alkoxytetramethylpiperidine derivs. for stabilizing aqueous polymer-containing systems against heat, light and oxygen) 65605-36-9DP, reaction products with tetramethylpiperidinone (derivs.) IT 83713-01-3DP, reaction products with tetramethylpiperidinone (derivs.) 122586-98-5DP, reaction products with polypropylene glycol diamine 290821-85-1P 754198-80-6P 754198-84-0P **754198-85-1P** 754198-87-3P 754198-88-4P 754198-90-8P 754198-91-9P 754198-92-0P 754198-98-6P 754198-99-7P 754199-00-3P 754199-01-4P 7.54199-04-7P 754199-08-1P 754199-09-2P 754199-11-6P 869843-42-5P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (water-compatible sterically hindered (hydroxy-substituted) alkoxytetramethylpiperidine derivs. for stabilizing aqueous polymer-containing systems against heat, light and oxygen) IT 826-36-8DP, 2,2,6,6-Tetramethylpiperidin-4-one, reaction products with polypropylene glycol diamine 9046-10-0DP, Jeffamine D-400, reaction products with tetramethylpiperidinone (derivs.) 754198-81-7P 754198-89-5P 754199-02-5P 794470-62-5P 869843-41-4P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (water-compatible sterically hindered (hydroxy-substituted) alkoxytetramethylpiperidine derivs. for stabilizing aqueous polymer-containing systems against heat, light and oxygen) TΤ 754198-85-1P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (water-compatible sterically hindered (hydroxy-substituted) alkoxytetramethylpiperidine derivs. for stabilizing aqueous polymer-containing systems against heat, light and oxygen) RN754198-85-1 HCAPLUS CN 2-Propanol, 1-[[4-[[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]amino]-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-

Me Me O-CH2-C-Me
Me 2N-CH2-CH2-NH

L26 ANSWER 2 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN 2005:1108509 HCAPLUS $\underline{\text{Full-text}}$

piperidinyl]oxy]-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- DN 144:24093
- TI Design, synthesis and studies of **yellowing** inhibitors with high affinity to mechanical **pulps**
- AU Hu, T. Q.; Williams, T.; Pikulik, I. I.; Schmidt, J. A.
- CS Paprican, Vancouver, BC, V6S 2L9, Can.
- SO Journal of Pulp and Paper Science (2005), 31(3), 109-115 CODEN: JPUSDN; ISSN: 0826-6220
- PB Pulp and Paper Technical Association of Canada
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB 4-Amino-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-1-oxyl (4-amino-TEMPO) is a hindered nitroxide yellowing inhibitor that can be attached readily to bleached mech. pulps in aqueous media, due largely to ionic bonding between its amino (-NH2) group and the pulp carboxyl (-COOH) groups. We have designed a new series of hindered nitroxide and hydroxylamine yellowing inhibitors possessing more than one amino group in the mols. One such inhibitor was synthesized by reductive amination of 4-oxo-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidinyloxy (4-oxo-TEMPO) with triethylenetetramine and by further reduction with ethanol and hydrochloric acid, and characterized by 1H NMR, mass spectrometry and elemental anal. Bleached mech. pulps with this inhibitor attached showed a much higher stability in Ca2+-rich media, including precipitated calcium carbonate-laden mill white water, than those attached with a hydroxylamine derivative of 4amino-TEMPO. The inhibitor prepared from 4-oxo-TEMPO and a polyethyleneimine provided a bleached thermomech. pulp sheet made from mill white water with a brightness stabilization of 24% after one month of an ambient light exposure.
- CC 43-6 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)
- ST oxotetramethylpiperidine deriv **yellowing** inhibitor peroxide bleached mech **pulp**; mech **pulp** affinity Tempo deriv **yellowing** inhibitor
- IT Polyamines

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(Tempo derivs.; synthesis and effectiveness of Tempo derivative yellowing inhibitors for hydrogen peroxide-bleached mech. pulps and affinity of these inhibitors to mech. pulps prior to and after treatment with various amines)

IT Cellulose pulp

(chemithermomech.; synthesis and effectiveness of Tempo derivative yellowing inhibitors for hydrogen peroxide-bleached mech. pulps and affinity of these inhibitors to mech. pulps prior to and after treatment with various amines)

IT Cellulose pulp

(kraft; synthesis and effectiveness of Tempo derivative **yellowing** inhibitors for **cellulose pulps**)

IT Cellulose pulp

(polysulfide; synthesis and effectiveness of Tempo derivative yellowing inhibitors for cellulose pulps)

IT Industrial waters

(recycled; synthesis and effectiveness of Tempo derivative yellowing inhibitors for hydrogen peroxide-bleached mech. pulps when pulp is in contact with recycled bleaching water containing calcium ions)

IT Light stabilizers

Whiteness

Yellowing

Yellowing prevention

(synthesis and effectiveness of Tempo derivative **yellowing** inhibitors for hydrogen peroxide-bleached mech. **pulps** and affinity of these inhibitors to mech. **pulps** prior to and

after treatment with various amines)

IT Cellulose pulp

(thermomech.; synthesis and effectiveness of Tempo derivative yellowing inhibitors for hydrogen peroxide-bleached mech. pulps and affinity of these inhibitors to mech. pulps prior to and after treatment with various amines)

IT 8064-26-4, Holocellulose

RL: PRP (Properties)

(pulp model; synthesis and effectiveness of Tempo derivative yellowing inhibitors for hydrogen peroxide-bleached mech. pulps and affinity of these inhibitors to mech. pulps prior to and after treatment with various amines)

IT 2896-70-0DP, 4-Oxo-Tempo, reaction products with polyethyleneimine 9002-98-6DP, reaction products with oxo-Tempo and with mech. pulps 685517-02-6P 870471-85-5P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (synthesis and effectiveness of Tempo derivative yellowing inhibitors for hydrogen peroxide-bleached mech. pulps and affinity of these inhibitors to mech. pulps prior to and after treatment with various amines)

IT 14691-88-4, 4-Amino-Tempo 213474-29-4
RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES
(Uses)

(synthesis and effectiveness of Tempo derivative yellowing inhibitors for hydrogen peroxide-bleached mech. pulps and affinity of these inhibitors to mech. pulps prior to and after treatment with various amines)

IT 112-24-3, Triethylenetetramine 2896-70-0, 4-Oxo-Tempo 870471-86-6

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(synthesis and effectiveness of Tempo derivative yellowing inhibitors for hydrogen peroxide-bleached mech. pulps and affinity of these inhibitors to mech. pulps prior to and after treatment with various amines)

IT 685847-53-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis and effectiveness of Tempo derivative **yellowing** inhibitors for hydrogen peroxide-bleached mech. **pulps** and affinity of these inhibitors to mech. **pulps** prior to and after treatment with various amines)

IT 685517-02-6P 870471-85-5P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (synthesis and effectiveness of Tempo derivative yellowing inhibitors for hydrogen peroxide-bleached mech. pulps and affinity of these inhibitors to mech. pulps prior to and after treatment with various amines)

RN 685517-02-6 HCAPLUS

CN 3,6,9,12-Tetraazatetradecane-1,14-diamine, N,N'-bis(1-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)-, octahydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

●8 HCl

PAGE 1-B

RN 870471-85-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N'-bis[2-[(1-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)amino]ethyl]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 HC1

IT 870471-86-6

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(synthesis and effectiveness of Tempo derivative yellowing inhibitors for hydrogen peroxide-bleached mech. pulps and affinity of these inhibitors to mech. pulps prior to and after treatment with various amines)

RN 870471-86-6 HCAPLUS

CN l-Piperidinyloxy, 4,4'-(3,6,9,12-tetraazatetradecane-1,14-diyldiimino)bis[2,2,6,6-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

IT 685847-53-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis and effectiveness of Tempo derivative yellowing inhibitors for hydrogen peroxide-bleached mech. pulps and affinity of these inhibitors to mech. pulps prior to and after treatment with various amines)

RN 685847-53-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperidinyloxy, 4,4'-[1,2-ethanediylbis(imino-2,1-ethanediylimino)]bis[2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L26 ANSWER 3 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:740301 HCAPLUS Full-text

DN 141:262140

TI Water compatible sterically hindered alkoxyamines and hydroxy substituted alkoxyamines, and **stabilized** compositions

IN Wood, Mervin Gale; Detlefsen, Robert Edward; Galbo, James Peter; Martin, De Wanda H.; Kondracki, Paul; Difazio, Michael Peter; Babiarz, Joseph Edmund

PA Ciba Specialty Chemicals Holding Inc., Switz.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 127 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

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	PATENT NO.						KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE		
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ΡI	PI WO 2004076419				A1 20040910			WO 2004-EP50133						20040216				
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
			CN,	co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,
	•		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI
		RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,
			BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	IT,	LU,
			MC,	NL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,
			GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG								
	CA	2517	334			A 1		2004	0910	(CA 2	004 - 3	2517	334		20	00402	216

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EP 2004-711379
     EP 1608620
                                 20051228
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                                                                      20040216
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
     CN 1753871
                          Α
                                 20060329
                                             CN 2004-80004950
                                                                      20040216
     JP 2006522020
                           Т
                                             JP 2006-502028
                                 20060928
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PRAI US 2003-450262P
                                 20030226
     WO 2004-EP50133
                           W
                                 20040216
OS
     MARPAT 141:262140
GT
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AB Sterically hindered alkoxyamine and hydroxy substituted alkoxyamine stabilizer compds. are made H2O compatible via certain backbones with affinity towards H2O. The exemplified sterically hindered amines I, II, III are prepared, where E and E' are 2-hydroxycyclohexyloxy, 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropoxy, benzyloxy, methoxy, propoxy, hexyloxy, heptyloxy, octyloxy or cyclohexyloxy, Rx = NH2+CH2CH2OH Cl-, -NH3+ -OAc, :NOH, -NHCHAcO-K+, NHCH2CH2NHMe2+ -OAC, -NHCH2CH2SO3-K+, -NHCH(COO- K+)CH2CH2SMe, -NHCH2COO-K+, -OCHAcO-K+, -OCH2CH2NHMe2+ -OAC, -OCH2CH2SO3-K+, -OCH(COO- K+)CH2CH2SMe or -OCH2COO-K+, and where Rs comprises repeating units of -(OCH2CH2)-, -(OCH2CH2Me)-, -(CH2CHCOOH) -, -(CH2CACOH) -, -(CH2CHCOOMe) -, -(NHCH2CH2) -, -(CH2CHOH) -, -(CH2CHCONH2) - or -(CH2CH(NHCOH)) -. These compds. are particularly effective in stabilizing aqueous polymer systems against the deleterious effects of oxidative, thermal and actinic radiation. The compds. are effective for example in stabilizing waterborne coatings, aqueous inks, aqueous ink jet media, and photocured aqueous systems.

IC ICM C07D211-94

ICS C07D401-14; C08K005-3435; C08K005-3492

CC 42-5 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products) Section cross-reference(s): 27, 37, 62, 74

ST waterborne ink coating **stabilizer** sterically hindered alkoxyamine

IT Adhesives

Cotton fibers

Laminated materials

Mouthwashes

Photographic emulsions

Shampoos

(water compatible sterically hindered alkoxyamines and hydroxy substituted alkoxyamine **stabilizers** for)

IT Ethylene-propylene rubber Polycarbonates, uses

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Polyurethanes, uses
     Thermoplastic rubber
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (water compatible sterically hindered alkoxyamines and hydroxy
        substituted alkoxyamine stabilizers for)
IT .
    Antioxidants
     Heat stabilizers
     Ink-jet recording sheets
       Light stabilizers
        (water compatible sterically hindered alkoxyamines and hydroxy
        substituted alkoxyamine stabilizers for coatings and inks)
IT
     Amines, uses
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (water compatible sterically hindered alkoxyamines and hydroxy
        substituted alkoxyamine stabilizers for coatings and inks)
IT
     Coating materials
     Inks
        (water-thinned; water compatible sterically hindered alkoxyamines and
        hydroxy substituted alkoxyamine stabilizers for)
TΤ
     9010-79-1
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (ethylene-propylene rubber; water compatible sterically hindered
        alkoxyamines and hydroxy substituted alkoxyamine stabilizers
        for)
IT
     9002-88-4, Polyethylene
                              9011-14-7, PMMA
                                                 24936-68-3, Lexan 141, uses
     113441-06-8, Neocryl BT 520
                                  149446-23-1
                                                192948-73-5, Neopac R 9699
     217484-26-9, Polytrope TPP 518-01 754199-14-9
                                                      756499-51-1
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (water compatible sterically hindered alkoxyamines and hydroxy
        substituted alkoxyamine stabilizers for)
     65605-36-9DP, reaction products with hindered amine
IT
                                                          290821-85-1P
                   754198-81-7P
     754198-80-6P
                                  754198-82-8P
                                                754198-83-9P
                                                                754198-84-0P
     754198-86-2P 754198-87-3P
                                  754198-88-4P 754198-89-5P
     754198-90-8P 754198-91-9P
                                  754198-92-0P
                                                 754198-93-1P
                                                                754198-94-2P
     754198-95-3P
                   754198-96-4P
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                                                                754199-00-3P
    754199-01-4P
                   754199-02-5P
                                  754199-03-6P
                                                 754199-04-7P
                                                                754199-05-8P
    754199-06-9P 754199-07-0P
                                  754199-08-1P
                                                 754199-09-2P
                                                                754199-10-5P
     754199-11-6P 754199-12-7P 754199-13-8P 756487-79-3P
                                                                756487-81-7P
     756487-83-9P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (water compatible sterically hindered alkoxyamines and hydroxy
        substituted alkoxyamine stabilizers for coatings and inks)
IT
     9003-07-0, Polypropylene
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (water compatible sterically hindered alkoxyamines and hydroxy
        substituted alkoxyamine stabilizers for coatings and inks)
TΤ
     56-40-6, Glycine, reactions
                                  56-41-7, L-Alanine, reactions
                                                                  63-68-3,
                            89-54-3, 5-Amino-2-chlorobenzoic acid
     Methionine, reactions
                                                                    96-35-5.
    Methyl glycolate 107-15-3, Ethylenediamine, reactions
                                                             107-35-7,
              140-31-8, 1-(2-Aminoethyl)piperazine 141-43-5, Ethanolamine,
                141-97-9, Ethyl acetoacetate
                                               1120-71-4, Propanesultone
     1906-82-7, Ethyl acetamidoacetate
                                        2110-78-3
                                                    3878-55-5, Succinic acid
     monomethyl ester 4244-84-2, β-Alanine ethyl ester hydrochloride
     5470-11-1, Hydroxylamine hydrochloride 7790-94-5, Chlorosulfonic acid
     10563-26-5, N4 Amine
                           33229-89-9, N,N-Dimethylglycine ethyl ester
                  290821-83-9
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (water compatible sterically hindered alkoxyamines and hydroxy
```

substituted alkoxyamine stabilizers for coatings and inks)

IT 754198-86-2P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
(water compatible sterically hindered alkoxyamines and hydroxy substituted alkoxyamine stabilizers for coatings and inks)

RN 754198-86-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propanol, 1-[[4-[[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]amino]-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-piperidinyl]oxy]-2-methyl-, monoacetate (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 754198-85-1 CMF C17 H37 N3 O2

CM 2

CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2

RE.CNT 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L26 ANSWER 4 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:371123 HCAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:392561

TI Light-stable and process-stable

lignocellulosic materials and their production

IN Williams, Trevor; Hu, Thomas Qiuxiong; Pikulik, Ivan Ignac

PA Pulp and Paper Research Institute of Canada, Can.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN CNT 1

T.T.	C14 1	<u> </u>																
	PATENT NO.						D	DATE	ATE A		APPLICATION NO.					DATE		
PI	WO 2004038091					A1 20040506			WO 2003-CA1606						20031021			
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
			co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,
			GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,
			LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NI,	NO,	NZ,
			OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	ТJ,	TM,
			TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	ΥU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW		
		RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,

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KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
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             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
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    US 2005269049
                          A1
                                20051208
                                            US 2005-532138
                                                                    20050420
PRAI US 2002-420282P
                          Ρ
                                20021023
    WO 2003-CA1606
                          W
                                20031021
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AB A novel method for the production of light-stable and process-stable lignocellulosic materials, in particular, the production of mech. wood pulps with much improved light and process stability is described, as well as the resulting pulps of improved light and process stability and papers containing such pulps . The novel method involves the reaction of lignocellulosic materials such as bleached chemithermomech. pulps (BCTMP) with (a) a watersoluble, fiber-reactive yellowing inhibitor possessing two or more secondary amino or ammonium, tertiary amino or ammonium, and/or quaternary ammonium functional groups in an aqueous medium, or (b) a water-soluble, fiber-reactive hindered amine light stabilizer possessing said amino or ammonium functional groups in an alkaline peroxide bleaching medium or in an aqueous medium with a subsequent bleaching of the materials in an alkaline peroxide bleaching medium. Examples of the water-soluble, fiber-reactive yellowing inhibitors are the novel, $N-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}1-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}1-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}1-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}1-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}1-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}1-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}1-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}1-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}1-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}1-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}1-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}1-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}1-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}1-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}1-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}1-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}1-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}4-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}4-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}4-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text{yl})-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-\text{tetramethyl-}4-\text{oxyl-piperidin-}4-\text$,6-tetramethyl-1-oxyl-piperidin-4-ylamino)-ethylamino]-ethyl}-ethane-1,2diamine (TETA-2TEMPO) and its hydroxylamine hydrochloride derivative, N- $(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-hydroxyl-piperidin-4-yl)-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-hydroxyl-piperidin-4-yl)-N'-\{2-[2-(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-hydroxyl-piperidin-4-yl)-N'-(2-(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-hydroxyl-piperidin-4-yl)-N'-(2-(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-hydroxyl-piperidin-4-yl)-N'-(2-(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-hydroxyl-piperidin-4-yl)-N'-(2-(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-hydroxyl-piperidin-4-yl)-N'-(2-(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-hydroxyl-piperidin-4-yl)-N'-(2-(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-piperidin-4-yl)-N'-(2-(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-piperidin-4-yl)-N'-(2-(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-piperidin-4-yl)-N'-(2-(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-piperidin-4-yl)-N'-(2-(2,2,6,6$ tetramethyl-1-hydroxyl-piperidin-4-ylamino)-ethylamino]-ethyl}- ethane-1,2diamine hexahydrochloride (TETA-2TEMPOH-6HCl).

IC ICM D21C009-10

CC 43-6 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)

yellowing inhibitor lignocellulosic pulp
light stabilizer tetramethylpiperidine oxyl compd;
hindered amine quaternary ammonium compd reactive light
stabilizer BCTMP; alk peroxide bleaching reactive hindered amine
light stabilizer pulp; modified TEMPO deriv
yellow prevention light stabilizer
pulp

IT Cellulose pulp

(chemithermomech.; manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

IT Polyamines

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(hindered amine derivs.; manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

IT Amines, uses

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(hindered; manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for **yellowing** prevention of mech. **pulp**)

IT UV stabilizers

Yellowing prevention

(manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for **yellowing** prevention of mech. **pulp**)

IT Quaternary ammonium compounds, uses

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for **yellowing** prevention of mech. **pulp**)

IT Pulp bleaching

(peroxide; manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for **yellowing** prevention of mech. **pulp**)

IT 213474-29-4P, 4-Amino-TEMPO 2HCl

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(4-amino-TEMPO 2HCl; manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for **yellowing** prevention of mech. **pulp**)

IT **685847-53-4P**, TETA 2TEMPO

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(TETA 2TEMPO; manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

IT 685847-54-5P, TETA 2TEMPOH6HCl

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(TETA 2TEMPOH6HCl; manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

IT 2896-70-0DP, 4-Oxo-TEMPO, reaction products polyethyleneimines 9002-98-6DP, Aziridine polymer, reaction products with 4-oxo-TEMPO 75577-94-5P 685517-02-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for **yellowing** prevention of mech. **pulp**)

IT 112-24-3, Triethylenetetramine 826-36-8, 2,2,6,6-Tetramethyl-4-piperidone 2896-70-0, 4-Oxo-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-N-oxyl 4067-16-7, Pentaethylenehexamine 7647-01-0, Hydrochloric acid, reactions 14691-88-4, 4-Amino-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-N-oxyl RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

IT 685847-53-4P, TETA 2TEMPO

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(TETA 2TEMPO; manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

RN 685847-53-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperidinyloxy, 4,4'-[1,2-ethanediylbis(imino-2,1-ethanediylimino)]bis[2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 685847-54-5P, TETA 2TEMPOH6HCl

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(TETA 2TEMPOH6HCl; manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for yellowing prevention of mech. pulp)

RN 685847-54-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N'-bis[2-[(1-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)amino]ethyl]-, hexahydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●6 HCl

IT 685517-02-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of hindered amine compds. useful for **yellowing** prevention of mech. **pulp**)

RN 685517-02-6 HCAPLUS

CN 3,6,9,12-Tetraazatetradecane-1,14-diamine, N,N'-bis(1-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)-, octahydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

●8 HCl

PAGE 1-B

L26 ANSWER 5 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2002:718019 HCAPLUS Full-text

DN 138:287634

TI Synthesis and structure optimization of double (fluorescent and spin) sensor molecules

AU Kalai, Tamas; Hankovszky, Olga H.; Hideg, Eva; Jeko, Jozsef; Hideg, Kalman

CS Institute of Organic and Medicinal Chemistry, University of Pecs, Pecs, H-7643, Hung.

SO ARKIVOC (Gainesville, FL, United States) [online computer file] (2002), (3), 112-120 CODEN: AGFUAR

URL: http://www.arkat-usa.org/ark/journal/2002/Lloyd/DL-297G/DL-297G.pdf

PB Arkat USA Inc.

DT Journal; (online computer file)

LA English

OS CASREACT 138:287634

AB Synthesis and fluorescence properties of **stable** nitroxide free radicals (101, 11a, 12a, 14a, 20a, 21a) and their amine (10b, 11b, 12b, 14b, 20b, 21b) precursors covalently linked to dansyl or 3- and 4-aminophthalimide are reported. The best intramol. quenching is achieved when the fluorophore and the nitroxide are in the closest possible position.

20

CC 28-18 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom))
Section cross-reference(s): 73

ST nitroxide free radical synthesis fluorescence property

IT Fluorescence

Fluorescent indicators

Fluorescent substances

(nitroxide free radicals for fluorescent and spin sensor mols. and synthesis thereof)

IT Nitroxides

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (nitroxide free radicals for fluorescent and spin sensor mols. and synthesis thereof)

IT 505074-66-8P 505074-68-0P 505074-69-1P 505074-77-1P 505074-78-2P RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis and fluorescence of nitroxide free radicals for fluorescent and spin sensor mols.)

IT 207556-29-4P 505074-67-9P 505074-70-4P 505074-71-5P 505074-72-6P 505074-73-7P 505074-74-8P **505074-75-9P** 505074-76-0P 505074-79-3P 505074-80-6P 505074-81-7P 505074-82-8P RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); **PREP**

(Preparation)

(synthesis and fluorescence of nitroxide free radicals for fluorescent and spin sensor mols.)

IT 110-85-0, Piperazine, reactions 605-65-2 641-70-3 869-24-9, 2-(Diethylamino)ethyl chloride hydrochloride 5466-84-2 6820-93-5 14691-88-4 76841-99-1 76893-32-8 78140-48-4

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis and fluorescence of nitroxide free radicals for fluorescent and spin sensor mols.)

IT 505074-75-9P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis and fluorescence of nitroxide free radicals for fluorescent and spin sensor mols.)

RN 505074-75-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrrolidinyloxy, 3-[[2-(diethylamino)ethyl][[5-(dimethylamino)-1-naphthalenyl]sulfonyl]amino]-2,2,5,5-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L26 ANSWER 6 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
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AN 2001:208339 HCAPLUS Full-text

DN 134:239192

TI Polymeric stabilizers with high affinity to pulp

IN Cunkle, Glen Thomas; Devore, David; Thompson, Thomas Friend

PA Ciba Specialty Chemicals Holding Inc., Switz.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT	KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE						
ΡI	WO 2001	01989	97		A1	_	2001	 0322		 WO 2					2	0000	907
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
	•	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,
		HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,
		LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,
		SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	UZ,	VN,	YU,
•		ZA,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM					
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,
		DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,
		CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG			
	CA 2383				A1		2001	0322	1	CA 2	000-	2383	005		2	0000	907
	BR 2000	01404					2002										
	EP 1216						2002	0626		EP 2	000-	9624	54		2	0000	907
	EP 1216	269			B1		2003	1029									
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		•					RO,	MK,	CY,	AL							
	JP 2003						2003	0311		JP 2	001-	5236	72		21	0000	907
	AT 2530	194			T		2003	1115		AT 2	000-	9624	54		2	00009	907
	AU 7708	158			В2		2004	0304		AU 2	000-	7417	9		20	0000	907
	US 6416				B1		2002										
	ZA 2002						2002			ZA 2	002-	2026			20	0020	312
PRAI	US 1999						1999										
	WO 2000	-EP87	149		W		2000	0907									

- The polymeric stabilizers preventing loss of brightness and enhancing yellowing resistance to in pulp or paper have a pendant nitroxide, hydroxylamine or hydroxyammonium salt groups B are water soluble or water dispersible and have high affinity to pulp or paper. Thus, adipic acid-diethylenetriamine copolymer 10 g (50% aqueous solution) was reacted with four 0.54 g aliquots of 1-oxyl-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-glycidyloxypiperidine to give a product, showing post color nos. 1.5 and 10.6 when peroxide-bleached softwood thermomech. pulp (BTMP) was treated with 1.0% of the compound, comparing 3.0 and 19.2 for a blank sample.
- IC ICM C08G073-02

ICS C08G073-06; D21H021-14

- CC 43-6 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood
 Products)
- ST **pulp** oxyltetramethylglycidyloxypiperidine polymeric **stabilizer**
- IT Polyamines

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(polyamide-; this polymeric **stabilizers** with high affinity to **pulp**)

IT Polyamides, uses

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (polyamine-; this polymeric stabilizers with high affinity to pulp)

ΙT Polyamines

> RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(polymeric stabilizers with high affinity to pulp)

IT Cellulose pulp

> (thermomech.; polymeric stabilizers with high affinity to pulp)

IT Stabilizing agents

> (this polymeric stabilizers with high affinity to pulp)

IT 2039-80-7DP, polymers, reaction products with 1-hydroxy-2,2,6,6tetramethyl-4-glycidyloxypiperidine 2439-35-2DP, polymers, reaction products with 1-oxyl-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-glycidyloxypiperidine 2896-70-0DP, reaction products with polyethylenimine polymers, reaction products with 1-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4glycidyloxypiperidine 25085-20-5DP, Adipic acid-diethylenetriamine copolymer, reaction products with 1-oxyl-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4glycidyloxypiperidine 25988-97-0DP, Dimethylamine-epichlorohydrin copolymer, reaction products with 1-oxyl-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4glycidyloxypiperidine 28574-59-6DP, reaction products with 1-oxyl-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-glycidyloxypiperidine 32126-84-4DP, Adipic acid-diethylenetriamine copolymer sru, reaction products with 1-oxyl-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-glycidyloxypiperidine 69824-11-9DP, reaction products with 1-oxyl-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-glycidyloxypiperidine 122413-85-8DP, reaction products with amino-containing polymer 184946-33-6DP, reaction products with amino-containing polymer 330445-36-8P 330445-35-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(polymeric stabilizers with high affinity to pulp)

IT111-40-0, Diethylenetriamine

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(polymeric stabilizers with high affinity to pulp)

330445-35-7P IT

> RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(polymeric stabilizers with high affinity to pulp)

RN 330445-35-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-(1-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)-N'-[2-[(1-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)amino]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L26 ANSWER 7 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1975:458820 HCAPLUS Full-text

```
DN
     83:58820
TI
     2-Imidazolinyl-3-oxide-1-oxypropionic acid
     Schneider, Richard S.; Ullman, Edwin F.
IN
     Synvar Associates, USA
PA
     U.S., 13 pp. Division of U.S. 3,749,644 (CA 79;133984b).
SO
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
                                _____
                                            -----
PΙ
     US 3873564
                                19750325
                                            US 1972-287168
                          Α
                                                                   19720907
     US 3749644
                                19730731
                                            US 1971-120726
                         Α
                                                                   19710303
PRAI US 1971-120726
                        A3
                                19710303
     For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
     About 10 stable nitronyl nitroxides, useful for assaying enzymes by change of
AΒ
     their ESR spectra when subjected to enzymatic reactions, were prepared E.g.,
     0.74 g 2-(2-pyridyl)-4,4-diethoxybutanol, obtained by reduction of the Et
     ester of the corresponding acid, was treated with 9.0 ml 0.69 M cyanoethyl
     phosphate and then 0.5 g HONHCMe2CMe2NHOH at 25° to give 500 mg the phosphate
     I.
IC
     C07D
INCL 260309600
     28-10 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom))
     Section cross-reference(s): 7, 34
ST
     enzyme assay; nitronyl nitroxide; ESR nitronyl nitroxide
ΙT
     Enzymes
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (assay by reaction with nitronyl nitroxides, electron spin resonance in
        relation to)
IT
     Electron spin resonance
        (of nitronyl nitroxides, enzyme assay in relation to)
     Radicals, properties
IT
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (spin labels, ESR of, enzyme assay in relation to)
IT
     546-67-8
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (acetoxylation by, of 4-methyl-1-tetralone)
IT
     19832-98-5
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (acetoxylation of)
IT
     40525-55-1P
                  40525-63-1P
                                 40525-69-7P 50695-16-4P
     50695-19-7P
                   50695-20-0P
                                 50695-21-1P
                                               50695-22-2P 50813-37-1P
     56389-78-7P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation and enzyme assay by)
IT.
     40525-71-1P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation and hydrolysis of)
     40525-59-5P
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation and reaction with cyanoethyl phosphate)
IT
     56375-03-2P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation and reaction with dimethyl bis(hydroxylamino)butane)
     40525-58-4P
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RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

24

```
(Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation and reduction of)
IT
     40525-60-8P
                  56336-91-5P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of)
IT
     56336-90-4
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with propionaldehyde)
IT
     40525-66-4
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with 2,3-dimethyl-2,3-bis(hydroxylamino)butane)
TΨ
     2032-35-1
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with 2-pyridylacetate)
IT
     14384-45-3
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with 4,4-diethoxy-2-(2-pyridyl)butyl phosphate)
     13139-15-6
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with 4,4-diethoxy-2-(o-benzyloxyphenyl)butylamine)
     542-58-5
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with 5-(methylbutyl)-5-(1,3-dioxy-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-4,5-
        dihydro-2-imidazolylmethyl)barbituric acid)
IT
     13726-67-5
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with aminotetramethylpiperidine-1-oxyl)
IT
                40525-65-3
     22446-37-3
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with bromoacetaldehyde diethyl acetal)
IT
     17773-10-3
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with chloroformic 2-(methoxymethoxyphenyl)-4,4-
        diethoxybutyric anhydride)
IΤ
     2212-88-6
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with diethoxypyridylbutanol)
TT
     123-38-6
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with diethoxypyridylpropane)
TΤ
     56336-92-6
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with ethyl chloroformate)
     9005-82-7
TT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with formyl carboxytetramethylpyrrolinoxyl anhydride)
IT
     541-41-3
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with methyl 2-(o-methoxymethoxyphenyl)-4,4-diethoxybutyrate)
     100-44-7
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with o-hydroxyphenylacetate)
IT
     14691-88-4
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with tert-butoxycarbonyl-L-aspartic acid)
IT
     39597-73-4
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with \beta-chloroethyl acetate)
IT
     40525-72-2
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
```

(ring cleavage of)

IT 50695-16-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and enzyme assay by)

RN 50695-16-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperidinyloxy, 4,4'-(1,2-ethanediyldiimino)bis[2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L26 ANSWER 8 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 1973:533984 HCAPLUS Full-text

DN 79:133984

TI Enzyme assay by metering changes of stable free radicals

IN Schneider, Richard S.; Ullman, Edwin F.

PA Synvar Associates

SO U.S., 11 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
ΡI	US 3749644	Α	19730731	US 1971-120726	19710303		
	US 3873564	Α	19750325	US 1972-287168	19720907		
PRAI	US 1971-120726	A3	19710303				

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The method for assaying enzymes consists of introducing into a solution suspected of containing an enzyme a free radical (I). R1-4 are organic radicals bonded through C to the C atoms of the ring; n' is either O or 1; X', Y', and Z' are chosen so that at least 1 of the groups has an enzyme-labile group, so that on chemical conversion of the enzyme-labile group, the degree of asymmetry changes about the central C atom. Any change in the ESR spectrum of the compound is determined, and the enzyme activity is then determined from this change. Thus, for example, 3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-2- imidazolinyl 3-oxide 1-oxyl)-2-(2-pyridyl)propyl phosphate (II) was synthesized. For assaying alkaline phosphatase, 300 IU/ml was added to a dilute solution of the phosphate-free radical prepared above in pH 8.5 buffer. The solution was mixed, transferred to an ESR capillary, and introduced into the ESR cavity. Within 2 min, no phosphate radical could be detected by ESR. Both ESR and thin-layer chromatog. of the product confirmed complete conversion to alc.

Methods are given for similarly determining leucine aminopeptidase, choline esterase, amylase, and glutamic-pyruvic transaminase.

IC G01N

INCL 195103500R

CC 7-1 (Enzymes)

Section cross-reference(s): 28

ST enzyme detn ESR; free radical ESR enzyme

IT Enzymes

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

(determination of, stable free radical determination in)

IT Radicals, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(in enzyme determination)

IT 9000-86-6 9000-92-4 9001-08-5 9001-61-0 9001-78-9

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

(determination of, stable free radical determination in)

IT 40525-55-1P 40525-63-1P 40525-69-7P **50695-16-4P**

50695-19-7P 50695-20-0P 50695-21-1P 50695-22-2P 50695-23-3P

50813-37-1P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

IT 50695-16-4P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 50695-16-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperidinyloxy, 4,4'-(1,2-ethanediyldiimino)bis[2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L26 ANSWER 9 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 1972:448160 HCAPLUS Full-text

DN 77:48160

TI Synthesis of dinitroxides

AU Joss, Urs R.; Calvin, Melvin

CS Lawrence Radiat. Lab., Univ. California, Berkeley, CA, USA

SO Journal of Organic Chemistry (1972), 37(12), 2015-18 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ Synthesis of 7 stable nitroxide biradicals was completed. Five of these compds., namely, N-(1-oxyl-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidyl)-N'-(1- oxyl-2,2,6,6tetramethyl-4-methoxycarbonylpiperidyl)urea, 1-oxyl-2,2,5,5tetramethylpyrrolyl-4-N-(1-oxyl-2,2,5,5-tetra- methylpyrrolidyl-3methylene)carboxamide, 1-oxyl-2,2,5,5- tetramethylpyrrolidine-3-N-(1-oxyl-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidyl- 4)carboxamide, 1,2-bis(1-oxyl-2,2,6,6tetramethyl-4-methoxy- carbonylpiperidyl-4)oxalic acid diamide, and 1,2-bis(1oxyl-2,2,6,6- tetramethylpiperidyl-4) succinic acid diamide, fulfill the 2 conditions which are postulated for their application as a flexible strain gauge in biol. material: a distance of 7 to 11 Å between the 2 radical units in order to guarantee an interaction between the 2 unpaired electrons and a certain rigidity in the connecting chain in order to achieve a high resolution of the ESR spectrum. CC 27-17 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))

27

ST nitroxide biradicals; piperidine nitroxide radical

IT Electron spin resonance

(of dinitroxides, in relation to mol. geometry)

IT Molecular structure-property relationship

(spectra, of dinitroxides)

IT 21184-43-0P 32923-90-3P **34386-54-4P** 34386-55-5P

34386-56-6P 34386-57-7P 34386-59-9P 34402-55-6P 34402-56-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

IT 34386-54-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 34386-54-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperidinyloxy, 4,4'-(1,2-ethanediyldiimino)bis[4-cyano-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L26 ANSWER 10 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 1968:478173 HCAPLUS Full-text

DN 69:78173

TI Polyolefin stabilizers

PA Sankyo Co., Ltd.; Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.

SO Fr., 3 pp.

CODEN: FRXXAK

DT Patent

LA French

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	FR 1501582		19671110	FR 1966-84942	19661125
	DE 1694905			DE	
	GB 1130799			GB	
	US 3431232		19690304	US	19660125
PRAI	JР		19651126		

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Polyethylene and polypropylene (I) are stabilized against light deterioration by use of II (R = Bu, cyclohexyl, ureido, or p-toluidino) and III (R = CH2CH2, (CH2)6, or p-phenylene). Thus, I containing 0.25% II (R = Bu) had a higher stability when exposed to uv light at 45° than when Tinuvin P or 2,4dihydroxybenzophenone was used as stabilizer.

IC

CC 36 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

ST iminopiperidinols stabilizers polyolefins; polyolefin light stabilizers; light stabilizers polyolefin; polyethylene light stabilizers; polypropylene light stabilizers; oxypiperidines stabilizers polyolefins

ΙT Light, ultraviolet, chemical and physical effects

(stabilizers, for olefin polymers, piperidine N-oxide derivs. as) 90-85-7 18790-86-8 18790-88-0 **18790-89-1** 18790-90-4 IT18790-85-7

18790-91-5 18846-66-7 21216-79-5

RL: USES (Uses)

(as light (uv) stabilizer, for olefin polymers)

9002-88-4, uses and miscellaneous 9003-07-0, uses and miscellaneous IT

RL: USES (Uses)

(ultraviolet stabilizers for, piperidine N-oxide derivs. as)

IT 18790-89-1

RL: USES (Uses)

(as light (uv) stabilizer, for olefin polymers)

RN 18790-89-1 HCAPLUS

CN Piperidinooxy, 4,4'-(ethylenedinitrilo)bis[2,2,6,6-tetramethyl- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)